

# Competence development of STE(A)M educators through online tools and communities

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## Guide of STE(A)M education practices

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### 3 Introduction

This first experimental version of the Guide prepares the ground for subsequent research activities, identifying 11 successful practices, from which it is possible to obtain lessons relating to the training needs of teachers interested in adopting the STE(A)M approach to teaching. As a result of research and creative techniques that will be instrumental among the members of the community, the STE(A)M education framework will be produced, which will include competences, policies, methodologies, educational objects, etc.

The Guide is also intended to fuel discussion among the STEAMonEdu community members, providing them with examples, ideas and a baseline for benchmarking their own practices and projects.

The Guide describes each practice in a concise format, with links to the online repository, so that it can be used in different contexts. For each practice, the following information is available:

- Basic information (title, language, date, keywords, country, author, audience, applicability area, educational framework);
- Description (including the reason, purpose, and a summary);
- List of resources;
- Assessment (scores).

In line with the STEAMonEdu project bottom-up approach, the Guide is the result of the involvement of stakeholders (teachers, educators, researchers, policy-makers, education authorities, career consultants, content producers etc.) willing to contribute towards the 2020 EU target of inspiring more of young people to specialize in STEM during their education in order to undertake scientific and technical careers, motivating a multi-disciplinary STE(A)M approach, addressing gender gaps and stereotypes in STEM programmes and supporting educator preparation for this educational reform movements.

The second and final version of the Guide will be the result of crowdsourcing and collaboration among the STEAMonEdu community members and it will summarize and evaluate good and not so good STE(A)M education practices, based on local and regional initiatives that support STEM and STE(A)M education. It will also contain suggestions for improvement and transfer based upon researchers' work and comments on forums by the STEAMonEdu community members.

STEAMonEdu community members join an online platform where good practices have been collected. Any person interested in joining the community can visit the website <https://steamonedu.eu/platform/practices> and register. The online community will be open during and after the project, and it is a very useful tool to share and learn about other educational experiences.

Only for platform members, it is also possible to vote for the favourite practice among all the uploaded ones through some simple steps.

Once the platform members have logged in, they have to select the “Educational Practices” item and fill the fields to open the practice to vote for:

Title	Language	Published on	Author	Comments	Total views	Rate this Practice
Internet of things in Agrinio	EL	Mon, 07/09/2020 - 13:43	Iepapath	0	24	No votes have been submitted yet.
Maria Sibylla Merian	IT	Thu, 16/07/2020 - 22:31	Maria	0	46	No votes have been submitted yet.
The Cataput Challenge	EN	Thu, 09/07/2020 - 13:01	CamTim	0	98	No votes have been submitted yet.

The space reserved for voting can be found at the bottom of the page in “Educational material/resources (file/URL) accompanying the practice” section:

## Educational material/resources (file/URL) accompanying the practice

Educational material/resources

License CC BY-NC-SA

Language  
English

Rate this Practice



No votes have been submitted yet.

### 3.1 STEAMonEdu project

The aim of the project is to increase the adoption and impact of STE(A)M education, nominating educators as the pillars of implementation of STE(A)M education policies and support their professional development either by blended training or by their participation in a community of stakeholders. The exchange of experience, collaboration and creative work of this community will be supported by online peer learning and crowdsourcing platform.

The project will adopt a bottom-up participatory approach to deliver:

- An **online community of educators** that will collect good practices and collaboratively develop STE(A)M education policies,
- A **STE(A)M education framework**, including STE(A)M body of knowledge, template curricula and learning activities, with a focus on diversity issues
- The **STE(A)M competence framework**, which will detail the competences necessary to design and implement STE(A)M education activities (STEAMComp will specialize Digital Competence Framework for Educators – [DigCompEdu](#) with STE(A)M-specific competences)
- The **STE(A)M educator profile**, that will be designed on the principles of [ESCO](#) (European multilingual classification of Skills, Competences, Qualifications and Occupations)
- A blended course delivered via the online platform and using on its content (OERs), including a **MOOC** targeting STE(A)M educators.
- **Guide** of STE(A)M educational practices
- **Guide** on STE(A)M Education policies
- The STE(A)M **policy influencer toolkit**
- **Guide for STE(A)M education policy makers** (Policy recommendations)
- A STE(A)M readiness self-assessment online tool for educational organisations that implement STE(A)M education policies, that will implement or expand [SELFIE](#).

The project website is available for any further information <https://steamonedu.eu/about/>.

## 4 Definitions and criteria

This chapter lists definitions and criteria that have been used in order to select the practices for the Guide.

### 4.1 Definitions

There is no established consensus in the literature about the definitions of several key concepts in STE(A)M education. This section contains the definitions adopted by the partners of the project.

#### 4.1.1 Educational practices

A sequence of structured learning activities linked to informational sources and pedagogical materials, that has been implemented in the classroom with students, in order to improve their knowledge, competences and skills. It includes some learning outcomes that have been assessed in a concrete framework.

#### 4.1.2 STE(A)M approach

- STE(A)M Education is an approach to learning that uses Science, Technology, Engineering, the Arts and Mathematics as access points for guiding student inquiry, dialogue, and critical thinking.
- STE(A)M is an integrated approach to learning which requires an intentional connection between standards, assessments and lesson design/implementation
- STE(A)M experiences involve two or more disciplines from Science, Technology, Engineering, Maths and the Arts to be taught AND assessed in and through each other.
- Inquiry, collaboration, and an emphasis on process-based learning are at the heart of the STE(A)M approach.

## 4.2 Principles and Criteria

Partners agreed upon the principles that characterize a STE(A)M practice and derived 25 evaluation criteria from them.

### 4.2.1 Principles

In the context of the STEAMonEdu project, “Good practice” refers to training and education initiatives that are built and implemented by schools, NGOs, and any education provider, incorporating a majority of the following principles:

#### **Integrated Content**

Science, technology, engineering, arts and maths are approached from an integrated perspective.

#### **Real-word integration**

STEM is taught within real-world application contexts and situations.

**STE(A)M and Beyond**

A true transdisciplinary framework integrates fine arts, social studies, and language arts to appeal to a broad range of learner interests.

**Inclusive STE(A)M education**

Effective STE(A)M programmes engage and inspire students of all abilities and interests and accommodate a wide variety of learning styles.

**Next Generation/21st Century Skills**

Promote problem-solving and critical thinking, creativity, collaboration, communication, time management and adaptability.

**Project-Based/Problem-Based Learning**

STE(A)M content is learned through hands-on, minds-on projects. Project engagements are motivated by genuine learner inquiry and a problem-based perspective.

**Authentic Assessment**

Learners document and present their learning through ePortfolios or similar methods.

**Integrated Learning System**

All program elements, including classroom configuration and quality of the infrastructure, hardware, software, kits and equipment, curriculum and assessment, and professional development support learning objectives.

**Technology-Enabled Learning**

Professional-standard technology tools are integrated into everyday workflow.

**Learning Technology vs. Teaching Technology**

Technology is in the hands of the students, not just teachers, administrators, and service providers.

**Emphasis on Applied Technology**

Application of technology tools is emphasized over specific skills that become obsolete as technology changes.

**Teacher as Facilitator**

Teachers assume the role of facilitator and students are empowered to take responsibility for their own learning.

### **Collaboration**

Students work in pairs or larger teams. Quality collaboration is as important as the final work product and is part of the regular assessment process.

### **Open-Ended Learning**

Students select an appropriate level of challenge and take their projects as far as they are able.

### **Supported**

Ongoing professional development is an integral program element. Program continuity is not dependent upon a single teacher.

#### **4.2.2 Criteria**

Partners agreed on 25 evaluation criteria based upon the principles listed in the previous section. Each criterium has been scored from 0 (not valuable) to 3 (good), the maximum score attainable by a practice being then 75. Practices scoring over 65 are considered best practices.

Moreover, to be considered a STE(A)M practice, the practice must include Arts among the disciplines involved.

#### **The STE(A)M practice is comprehensive**

1. Is interdisciplinary and connects numerous subjects?
2. Does it underline common principles and approaches?
3. Does it represent the rich relations between Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics?
4. Does it support a complex growth of the learner including intellectual, emotional, and social development?

#### **The STE(A)M practice leads to holistic learning**

Focuses on understanding STE(A)M general idea in STE(A)M rather than accumulating specialized knowledge.

5. Does it emphasize the ethical component of STE(A)M?
6. Does the practice contribute to competence development (includes knowledge, skills, attitudes) and is balanced (between theory and practice)?
7. Is not simply the sum of many components, but holistic including their various interrelations?

#### **The STE(A)M practice is problem-oriented**

8. Can learners explore **STE(A)M** in a self-regulated and creative way?
9. Are processes iterative, focusing on:
  - training basic skills?

- building profound knowledge?

10. Is practicing, repeated training and applying knowledge reinforcing abilities, skills, and competences?

**The STE(A)M practice is practical**

11. Does it support learners in acquiring knowledge, skills and competences through real-world experiences and observations?
12. Are practical experiments essential for the learning process and for the development of practical skills?
13. Is practical lab work developing creativity and following the iterative learning cycle?
14. Are practical exercises stimulating learners' interest and engagement?

**The STE(A)M practice is social**

15. Is it a social activity with human interaction and emotional involvement?
16. Is it learner-centred (aiming to impact individuals and the society)?
17. Is it inclusive, gender balanced and values diversity?

**The STE(A)M practice is sustainable**

18. Does it consider any of [The Sustainable Development Goals?](#)
19. Are the technology used and the curriculum resources regularly updated and augmented?

**The STE(A)M practice is transferable**

20. Is the STE(A)M practice having enough support and resources to prove it transferable?
21. Does it have the potential of being adapted / applied to different contexts?

**The STE(A)M practice is based on collaboration**

22. Is quality collaboration as important as the final work product and is part of the regular assessment process?
23. Can it be implemented by more than one educator?

**The STE(A)M practice addresses professional development**

24. Does the practice support the initial professional development for educators, heads of schools/training centres?
25. Are educators acting as facilitators of learning?

## 5 List of good practices

### 5.1 Visions of the future / Science fiction (STEAM oriented)

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Visions of the future / Science fiction (STEAM oriented)
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/36">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/36</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	The practice had been planned with the aim to program two robots entirely from scratch, one of which was used in a theatrical play. The first was called Ev3 and the second S4A (this one works with a Leonardo Arduino). The Ev3 was “taught” to move and understand its surroundings and conduct certain tricks. In addition, it was made an internet page and some apps.
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	3 months
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Ev3, Java, LeJOS, Eclipse, robotic, Arduino, S4A, theatrical play, Fricandela
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Arts, Engineering
<b>Country</b>	Greece
<b>Author</b>	EvageliaKounavi
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Capable</li> <li>• Age Range: 14-17</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The work includes, among other things, the planning and participation of a robot in the role of an actor in a theatrical performance.</p> <p>Students of the Informatics Group, using their knowledge of JAVA, programmed the Lego EVO3 Mindstorm model in LeJos, Eclipse environment and enabled it to feel and react to obstacles, to sing carols (here students also combined knowledge from physics and music frequencies-notes), to sing and dance on stage in the role of a regular actor with the other students of the Theater Group in the play "Fricandela the witch who hated carols".</p> <p>Programming language: JAVA Programming environment: Eclipse, LeJOS</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://twinspace.etwinning.net/59281/pages/page/416539">https://twinspace.etwinning.net/59281/pages/page/416539</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 12/12  The STEAM practice is holistic: 8/9  The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9  The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12  The STEAM practice is social: 9/12  The STEAM practice is transferable: 6/6  The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7/9  The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 4/6</p>

Table 1. Visions of the future / Science fiction

## 5.2 Create a smart home with Calliope

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Create a Smart home with Calliope
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/55">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/55</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	Students get an impression of intelligent living with the support of technological solutions. They create their own Smart homes while combining to program sensors of Calliope and making creative boxes which represent a flat or a building. Thereby Calliope is a single board computer which is easy to handle. It has sensors that measure temperature, light, acceleration and motion, compass, or acoustic signals. The activity is suitable to introduce knowledge about electricity and programming as well as creativity while defining interior/exterior design of the homes.
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	10 hours
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Calliope, Smart home, power circle, electricity
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Science, Technology, Arts
<b>Country</b>	Germany
<b>Author</b>	Maria Kruse
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 2</li> <li>• Age Range: 8-10</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	The educator could implement the activity during formal school lessons. It was also possible to give marks for the product. One mark for a correct and coherent code and one mark for the originality and care of the smart homes. Students were involved for the evaluation of the smart homes. Students also were able to select their partners autonomously. Working with mobile devices would facilitate the working atmosphere. In the current activity the class had to change rooms and work in the computer lab of the school. Thanks to the project the whole class received Calliope equipment.
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://www.infgsnds.de/doku.php">https://www.infgsnds.de/doku.php</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 11/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is holistic: 7.5/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is social: 10.5/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is transferable: 5/6</p> <p>The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7.5/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 4.5/6</p>

Table 2. Create a Smart home with Calliope

### 5.3 Fairytale Mathematics

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Fairytale Mathematics
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/60">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/60</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	This program is designed in the context of the eTwinning STEM 2.0 action and aims to approach Kindergarten Mathematics through known or unspoken stories and myths, using the first child-encoding-robot coding equipment or from independent activities. At the same time, communication, cooperation and interaction with other schools in Europe are encouraged. The goal of the Mathematics Kindergarten program is to process and exploit new data, to compare and transform simple relationships and processes with testing and testing. You are interested in inventing and solving problems and utilizing modern technology. In the process of solving problems, both individually and in groups, children develop special skills such as comparing and connecting objects, understanding certain properties, relationships and combinations, and finally measuring and recognizing simple patterns in the environment.
<b>Language</b>	Greek
<b>Duration</b>	8 months
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Mathematics, STEAM, ETWINNING
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Mathematics, Arts
<b>Country</b>	Greece
<b>Author</b>	Georgia Pagania
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Age Range: 5-8</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The objectives of the program will be achieved through known or untold stories, through STEM 2.0 equipment or other activities. A contributor to our discoveries is Detective Mythis with his robot assistant.</p> <p>Each month the partners will upload relevant activities on the twinspace to update and comment on the rest. Also, each partner will be free to choose one or more fairy tales, as he or she wishes. Indicative fairy tales: The 3 little pigs, Snow White and the 7 dwarfs, the 7 goats, Little Red Riding Hood, Cinderella, Aesop's myths, traditional fairy tales and more. The expected results will be the creation of a collaborative story with mathematical concepts and its illustration with collaborative paintings.</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/wp-admin/post.php?post=14212&amp;action=edit">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/wp-admin/post.php?post=14212&amp;action=edit</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/wp-admin/post.php?post=14219&amp;action=edit">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/wp-admin/post.php?post=14219&amp;action=edit</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=1&amp;v=wY6QtUFMnbM&amp;feature=emb_title">https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=1&amp;v=wY6QtUFMnbM&amp;feature=emb_title</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://padlet.com/ioaferm22/j7x4trs5ztlp">https://padlet.com/ioaferm22/j7x4trs5ztlp</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://padlet.com/evaggeliasariggoli/qjtczepam9zzq">https://padlet.com/evaggeliasariggoli/qjtczepam9zzq</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/01/05/paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-dekemvrios-2019/">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/01/05/paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-dekemvrios-2019/</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/02/04/paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-ianoyarios-2020/">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/02/04/paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-ianoyarios-2020/</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/03/14/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-fevroyarios-2020/">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/03/14/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-fevroyarios-2020/</a></li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/03/14/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-fevroyarios-2020/">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/03/14/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-fevroyarios-2020/</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/04/08/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-o-mythis-kai-to-rompotaki-toy-se-drasi-exapostaseos-epikoinonias/">https://blogs.sch.gr/15nipat/2020/04/08/etwinning-paramythenia-mathimatika-stem-o-mythis-kai-to-rompotaki-toy-se-drasi-exapostaseos-epikoinonias/</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://www.storyjumper.com/book/read/85108735/5ee0c7116a938">https://www.storyjumper.com/book/read/85108735/5ee0c7116a938</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://view.genial.ly/5eda8ebc9543960d59dbe31c/presentation-etwinning-stem-fairytaile-mathematics?fbclid=IwAR05m829OSjECJvy8PyQrib-wHEPuzLYaI9vk8Qrpo-xuXZ252uL7E14ppQ">https://view.genial.ly/5eda8ebc9543960d59dbe31c/presentation-etwinning-stem-fairytaile-mathematics?fbclid=IwAR05m829OSjECJvy8PyQrib-wHEPuzLYaI9vk8Qrpo-xuXZ252uL7E14ppQ</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 12/12  The STEAM practice is holistic: 9/9  The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9  The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12  The STEAM practice is social: 11/12  The STEAM practice is transferable: 6/6  The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 9/9  The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5/6</p>

Table 3. FairytaleMathematics

## 5.4 EuroSTEAM

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	EuroSTEAM
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/63">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/63</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	<p>The Erasmus+ EuroSTEAM project looked into the deficit of STE(A)M skills in young students throughout Europe. The aim of the project was to identify how we can use more interactive and creative teaching methodologies in our classrooms in order to excite and engage students in STE(A)M subjects.</p> <p>The seven EuroSTEAM partners from across Europe bring to you exciting lesson resource which are open source and free to use on your classroom to excite young students about the opportunities in STE(A)M careers. The project produced 3 main outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• STE(A)M comparative analysis report which has identified shortcomings within the STE(A)M subjects and highlighted how we can introduce different learning methods into our classrooms to reduce these skills gaps in the future.</li> <li>• STEAM Camps: In order to give educators a starting block for introducing these subjects in the classroom, we have created 3 camps with different themes and focuses. These camps have been fully explained through resources and guides in different languages (English, Dutch, Italian Portuguese and Spanish) and are openly available to Educators.</li> <li>• Online Toolkit: We have produced this online toolkit which will act as a library for educators throughout Europe to access if they need to run a STE(A)M based lesson or workshop within their classroom. This is open sources a freely available to use for students and teachers.</li> </ul>
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	1 month
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Coding, Scratch, Binary Counting, Interactive Science, Creativity and logic, Problem Solving, Contest and challenge
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, Mathematics
<b>Country</b>	Belgium, Great Britain, Netherlands, Italy, Portugal, Spain
<b>Author</b>	EuroSTEAMConsortium
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Age Range: 25-70</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The EuroSTEAM Camps are designed as a series of mixed activities where students working in small groups face different problems. This choice, as for all the 3 Camps, triggers a conceptualisation process, stimulated by the challenge, where students organise information in a structured knowledge system. The challenge's aim is to solve a given problem and compare the results achieved among workgroups; during each session, it's important to create the correct team dynamics by dividing tasks among single members and planning effectively the time available.</p>

	<p>- Coding &amp; Technology (Camp 1): Coding and Technology camp is based on computer activities using a platform and a widely known interface such as Scratch. The choice of an activity such as programming came from the need to engage young students in a playful and exciting educational experience which could at the same time stir their interest in enhancing knowledge such as maths, reading comprehension and science, transversally and using one language.</p> <p>- Creativity and Logic (Camp 2): Creativity and Logic camp introduces students to concepts and principles related to the world that surrounds us (learning binary numbers upon which the digital world is based, ability to comprehend and summarise a text, learning new math aspects, spurring problem-solving through experimentation). In our contemporary society, where learners do not take information out of the real world, but use conceptual structures to interpret it and understand it, science, technology, engineering, art and maths are currently considered as access points to guide students to search, communicate and think critically.</p> <p>- Contest and Challenges (Camp 3): Contest and Challenges camp is designed as a series of mixed activities where students working in small groups face different problems. Each module features a challenge to be faced as a team; each challenge has a subject emphasising logic, text analysis, maths and engineering. This choice, as for all the 3 Camps, triggers a conceptualisation process, stimulated by the challenge, where students organise information in a structured knowledge system. The challenge's aim is to solve a given problem and compare the results achieved among workgroups; during each session, it's important to create the correct team dynamics by dividing tasks among single members and planning effectively the time available. During this camp, teachers drop their "boss-like" role and become facilitators.</p>
<p><b>List of resources</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Resources are available in different different languages (English, Dutch, Italian Portuguese and Spanish) on the project website: <a href="http://www.eurosteamproject.eu/">http://www.eurosteamproject.eu/</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Assessment</b></p>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 11.5/12  The STEAM practice is holistic: 8.5/9  The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 8.5/9  The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12  The STEAM practice is social: 8.5/12  The STEAM practice is transferable: 5.5/6  The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 8/9  The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5.5/6</p>

Table 4. EuroSTEAM

## 5.5 Creating music with SonicPi

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Creating music with Sonic Pi
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/62">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/62</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	Electronical sounds and music are the product of programming via the open source tool Sonic Pi. It is a code-based music creation and performance tool. It allows in a simple way of coding to produce music. The software was developed in order to find simple ways of dealing with music and programming.
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	8 hours
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Programing, Coding, creativity, sound set, live music
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Technology, Arts
<b>Country</b>	Germany
<b>Author</b>	Sam Aaron and Sonic Pi core team
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 1</li> <li>• Age Range: 8-99</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The software was created to develop young student's programming skills. As programming can be a very complex activity the purpose of developing this software was to get output immediately after writing in programming language. Further the code visualises musical ideas of songs. The students are enabled to set up and influence sounds, rhythms, and speed of musical components.</p> <p>Educators can provide ideas for students of what music refers to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- confrontation and analysing existing music styles</li> <li>- create new sound-combinations</li> <li>- live music and programming performances</li> </ul> <p>For implementing this STE(A)M learning activity students need digital devices: PC or Tablet.</p> <p>The software should be installed on all devices.</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://in-thread.sonic-pi.net/t/sonic-pi-online-resources/17">https://in-thread.sonic-pi.net/t/sonic-pi-online-resources/17</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://re-publica.com/de/session/horbar-programmieren-sonic-pi">https://re-publica.com/de/session/horbar-programmieren-sonic-pi</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 11/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is holistic: 7/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 8/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is practical: 11.5/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is social: 9/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is transferable: 6/6</p> <p>The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7.5/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5/6</p>

Table 5. Creating music with Sonic Pi

## 5.6 Makers in the classroom at Raval district (Barcelona)

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Makers in the classroom at Raval district (Barcelona)
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/84">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/84</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	<p>Initially, Makers for Inclusion carry out an awareness-raising task, based on carrying out outreach activities that arouse interest and encourage the learning of techniques related to digital manufacturing. It is also essential the involvement of educational agents in the territory and the development of complementary activities to the educational curriculum, extracurriculars, open workshops ... In which areas? Scratch programming, electronics with Arduino and free hardware, sound technologies, digital manufacturing and 3D printing, video game creation, internet of things, etc.</p> <p>When arousing interest in these matters, we work in three lines:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Work on technological vocations, directing participants to less precarious work camps</li> <li>Work to improve the self-perception, autonomy and empowerment of the participants. Although they do not end up working in this branch, the acquisition of knowledge and skills a priori far from their experience improves their social situation.</li> <li>Analyze possibilities of new professional profiles around technology and education, based on detected needs of the school community in the neighborhood</li> </ul>
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	1 year
<b>KeyTerms</b>	makers, inclusion, 3D printing, Internet of Things, video game creation
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Technology, Engineering, Arts, Mathematics
<b>Country</b>	Spain
<b>Author</b>	Martina Mayrhofer
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Starter</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 3</li> <li>• Age Range: 6-15</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>Makers for Inclusion is a project that offers citizens an opportunity to approach and appropriate digital manufacturing in a broad sense. From playful and educational activities, it wants to introduce concepts, work skills, and bring knowledge and techniques that, a priori, are not accessible to citizens living in the Raval.</p> <p>The focus on approaching these new techniques and technologies is strongly marked by a socio-economic bias. While it is true that in Barcelona there are many experiences that bring digital manufacturing closer to the public, successful experiences continue to occur among sectors of the</p>

	<p>population with a medium-high socio-educational profile. Spaces and projects in this area are often not permeable to neighborhoods where there is a high risk of exclusion, where the socio-economic level of its inhabitants is below the city average and where the results of the education system require special support. We are in a situation where we run the risk of creating a two-speed Barcelona, an innovative and creative one, and one that goes after it, creating a second-level digital divide.</p> <p>This project wants to work to avoid this crack in the Raval of Barcelona, a neighborhood where we have been working at community level since our birth and where we are already making bets for the social transformation of our environment, and for the social and solidarity economy. Makers for Inclusion is aimed at children and young people, women, vulnerable groups or those at risk of exclusion, families, agents of the educational community, non-profit organizations and social education professionals.</p>
<p><b>List of resources</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/e/2PACX-1vTcdnrV8t1jMs6xTd4xZ5XdPGdcjBgfY5g3cbldawDQ2yOBP8Y1mPGpvSj2lqMZiBVWB58pqjPIUMtg/embed?start=false&amp;loop=false&amp;delayms=3000&amp;slide=id.p">https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/e/2PACX-1vTcdnrV8t1jMs6xTd4xZ5XdPGdcjBgfY5g3cbldawDQ2yOBP8Y1mPGpvSj2lqMZiBVWB58pqjPIUMtg/embed?start=false&amp;loop=false&amp;delayms=3000&amp;slide=id.p</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/e/2PACX-1vSjsospuRvVYFHEmYXBMLvkNQGjKBI0wvxUtIVEAVIHAFxY_n5Kzd0_yVqgUMRYetEKR5KFVDxUrZf/embed?start=false&amp;loop=false&amp;delayms=3000&amp;slide=id.g76faeab4a6_0_57">https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/e/2PACX-1vSjsospuRvVYFHEmYXBMLvkNQGjKBI0wvxUtIVEAVIHAFxY_n5Kzd0_yVqgUMRYetEKR5KFVDxUrZf/embed?start=false&amp;loop=false&amp;delayms=3000&amp;slide=id.g76faeab4a6_0_57</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Assessment</b></p>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 11/12          The STEAM practice is holistic: 9/9          The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9          The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12          The STEAM practice is social: 11/12          The STEAM practice is transferable: 5/6          The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 9/9          The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 6/6</p>

Table 6. Makers in the classroom at Raval district (Barcelona)

## 5.7 CODINC "Coding for inclusion"

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	CODINC "Coding for inclusion"
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/61">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/61</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	<p>The CODINC Erasmus+ project aimed at fostering STEM education of disadvantaged youth through an inclusive educational approach based on a peer-learning pedagogical method for formal and non-formal educational contexts in Europe. The project specific objectives are:</p> <p>Increase and improve teachers' and trainers' capacity to foster the STEM education of disadvantaged youth through an inclusive educational approach based on peer-learning</p> <p>Empower disadvantaged young people in the acquisition and development of IT and collaborative competences as well as problem solving, self-confidence and creativity through a peer-learning training programme on Coding</p>
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	2 years
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Coding, Robotics, Computational Thinking, Programming
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Technology, Engineering, Arts
<b>Country</b>	Belgium, Cyprus, Germany, Italy, Spain
<b>Author</b>	The CODINC "Coding for Inclusion" Consortium
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Starter</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 3</li> <li>• Age Range: 5-18</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The CODINC Erasmus+ project aimed at fostering STEM education of disadvantaged youth through an inclusive educational approach based on a peer-learning pedagogical method for formal and non-formal educational contexts in Europe. CODINC was coordinated by ALL DIGITAL and implemented in 5 European countries (Belgium, Cyprus, Germany, Italy, and Spain) from January 2018 until January 2020.</p> <p>CODINC methodology covers the widest range of topics including computational thinking, algorithmic thinking, programming, and robotics. What makes CODINC particularly unique is how it not only engages in computational thinking and coding but how it does so with a structured peer-learning methodology.</p> <p>The CODINC Methodology gives guidance to trainers and teachers on how to deliver the CODINC peer-learning training of 15 hours with primary and secondary school students and gives some background on supporting STEAM education and computation thinking.</p> <p>The CODINC Toolkit offers a database of exercises which can be delivered according to the structure of the toolkit. The toolkit allows for flexibility and adaptability to local circumstances and curriculum. It allows the</p>

	<p>teachers and trainers to select and adapt modules according to their capacities and needs of students.</p> <p>The piloting of CODINC took place in schools identified as disadvantaged in Berlin, Leipzig, Barcelona, Nicosia, Ghent, Brussels, and Naples involving 222 secondary school students trained in coding and learning pedagogies in 15-hour workshops in and outside school hours. The secondary school students then went on to teach 481 primary school students in peer-to-peer workshops with students in 8 schools and 20 teachers involved in 7 cities in 5 countries.</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The CODINC project resources (methodology, Toolkit, Pilot Evaluation report, policy recommendations etc.) are available in different languages (Catalan, Dutch, English, German, Greek, Italian Spanish) on the project website: <a href="http://codinc.fun/">http://codinc.fun/</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 8/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is holistic: 9/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is social: 11/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is transferable: 6/6</p> <p>The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 9/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5/6</p>

Table 7. CODINC "Coding for Inclusion"

## 5.8 GoodNewsnotFakeNews

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	GoodNewsnotFakeNews
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/45">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/45</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	<p>"GoodNews not FakeNews" is the result of a coding process within the Olympics of Problem Solving (MIUR-Uni.Bo) project.</p> <p>The aim of the project is to facilitate the development of computational thinking through logical-mathematical, digital and active citizenship skills. At the same time, it is important to contribute to the overall formation of the student, so that his / her actions are mature, aware, responsible for himself and for others.</p> <p>The project is aimed at primary school fifth grade children.</p> <p>The girls and boys participated in coding, makers and programming competitions: it means, the conception and implementation of a program based on a given theme.</p> <p>The production environment is Scratch: an easy way to use block codes to programming.</p> <p>The students realized a spot entitled "GoodNews NOT FakeNews" to explain to peers how insidious the world of the web can be and how to defend against misleading information.</p> <p>They presented the work done with great "professionalism", illustrating the methodological and technical aspects of the project and in particular how it was organized, how it was carried out, who did what and how the team worked. Then they illustrated in detail the organization of the developed code and its operation by explaining, to the professors of the Computer Engineering Department of Cesena, what difficulties they found and what technical solutions they applied.</p> <p>By applying the typical Problem Solving processes, pupils discover the principles of computer science, acquire technological skills, but above all enhance cognitive and methodological skills.</p>
<b>Language</b>	Italian
<b>Duration</b>	3 months
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Coding, Scratch, Problem solving, fake news
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Technology, Arts
<b>Country</b>	Italy
<b>Author</b>	Silvia Mazzeo
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Age Range: 9-14</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>The students, divided into teams, caught the topic of fake news and carried out research to understand what it is.</p> <p>With a careful research on the Internet, they identified the elements that distinguish a real news from a false one and decided to implement a project that could also serve other friends to understand that it is important to be careful what you read on the web.</p>

	<p>The project consists of several scenes: two boys in front of the school meet at a shopping center to go and listen to a concert; when they arrive at their destination they find nothing and realize that they have fallen for fake news. So, the two boys provide peers with some useful tips, a small handbook, to recognize false information. In the second part of the spot, Pinocchio, the prince of lies, enters the scene: he too understood he was wrong. In the programming there are changes of background and the dialogues are simple, well-structured in time and content, animated with changes of costume.</p>
<p><b>List of resources</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/287189728">https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/287189728</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1_3P8XTW5H_gUDDMeduw6jPyYt9Kc_V4g/view">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1_3P8XTW5H_gUDDMeduw6jPyYt9Kc_V4g/view</a></li> <li>• <a href="http://www.icmontaltotaverna.edu.it/ic2/2019/04/13/cesena-finale-nazionale-olimpiadi-di-problem-solving/">http://www.icmontaltotaverna.edu.it/ic2/2019/04/13/cesena-finale-nazionale-olimpiadi-di-problem-solving/</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>Assessment</b></p>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 9.5/12          The STEAM practice is holistic: 7/9          The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 9/9          The STEAM practice is practical: 11.5/12          The STEAM practice is social: 10.5/12          The STEAM practice is transferable: 5.5/6          The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7/9          The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5/6</p>

Table 8. GoodNewsnotFakeNews

## 5.9 INNOV@DIDATTICA: STEAM, THINKERING & CLIL on a scientific web radio and web tv

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	INNOV@DIDATTICA: STEAM, THINKERING & CLIL on a scientific web radio and web tv
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/70">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/70</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	<p>How can students learn basic physics contents about phenomena we observe around us? How can we increase student's interests in Maths and Physics if they study at a Linguistic Lyceum? STE(A)M and Thinking laboratory is the answer if you use CLIL methodology, CBL approach and BYOD technique.</p> <p>I proposed my students to investigate about reality around us, using video podcasts, multimedia presentations, to create a kind of web radio or a web tv. As expert scientists (in Maths and Physics), they presented and explained (also in English) a simple phenomenon. The best product (as presentation and explanation of an unusual experiment) wins the challenge. Students worked in small groups (3-4 students) creating their own scientific web radio or web tv and then they presented it to others.</p>
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	1 year
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Scientific Web radio, web tv, STEAM, THINKERING, BYOD, Arts, Maths, Physics, CLIL, creativity, Arts, Maths, Physics, CLIL, creativity, logic, History, subject-connection
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Science, Engineering, Arts, Mathematics
<b>Country</b>	Italy
<b>Author</b>	Tamara Maio
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 4</li> <li>• Age Range: 14-99</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>Challenge between small students' groups that create and present amazing experiments about strange physics phenomena in our life. They present their experiment to their classmates as if it were an episode of a scientific web radio or web tv. They also create a video or audio report of this activity using their personal devices (laptops, smartphones, tablets, etc.). They have to interact with the teacher and classmates just in English.</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1GuRgrpsCULyOFTy4xTUKFFfKDWkLjle-/view?usp=drivesdk">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1GuRgrpsCULyOFTy4xTUKFFfKDWkLjle-/view?usp=drivesdk</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 10.5/12                      The STEAM practice is holistic: 7.5/9                      The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 5.5/9                      The STEAM practice is practical: 10/12                      The STEAM practice is social: 11/12                      The STEAM practice is transferable: 5/6                      The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 5.5/9                      The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 4.5/6</p>

Table 9. INNOV@DIDATTICA: STEAM, THINKERING & CLIL on a scientific web radio and web tv

### 5.10 "In the traces of Pythagoras"

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	"In the traces of Pythagoras" (a programming robots approach of Pythagoras theorem)
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/74">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/74</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	Brief teaching of the Pythagorean theorem to 20 students coming from seven European countries , i.e., Poland, Portugal, Spain, Finland, Romania, Italy and Germany, in the frame of the Erasmus project ran by our school, entitled "Learning with Arts". The teaching combined the theoretical presentation of the Pythagorean Theorem with its practical application, by means of two specially made LEGO EV3 robots. The purpose of the course was to help students get to know and 'experience' the Pythagorean theorem.
<b>Language</b>	English
<b>Duration</b>	3 hours
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Geometry, Robotics, Mathematics, Pythagorean Theorem, History
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Technology, Engineering, Arts, Mathematics
<b>Country</b>	Greece
<b>Author</b>	PetrosStavroupolos
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 1</li> <li>• Age Range: 10-13</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	<p>Initially, Pythagoras and the Pythagorean Theorem were presented in combination with examples of calculating the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle. Then a worksheet was handed out and the students, divided in groups, were invited to calculate the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle according to the examples they had been earlier exposed to.</p> <p>During the next step, the students learned about the LEGO EV3 robotics kit and its programming environment. In addition, an interactive whiteboard featured an exercise in Geogebra that showed the relationship between the perimeter of a circle and its calculation of the distance a robot covers when its wheel makes a complete rotation. There was also a presentation on <math>\pi = 3.14</math> and on the way of calculating the perimeter of a circle, which was necessary for the experiential exercise that would follow.</p> <p>Finally, the guest students were given an EV3 robot, made by the pupils of the robotics group (E-F class), with a marker adapted on it, so that it could write on paper. In addition, each group was given a sheet of paper designed with two vertical lines (vertical triangle lines), as well as rulers on how to measure their length. The students of the robotics group (E-F class) had created a program in the programming environment of LEGO EV3, which took as inputs the values of the perpendiculars of a triangle</p>

	<p>and calculated the hypotenuse of the triangle and moved the robot for the corresponding period.</p> <p>In this phase of the task, the guest students were asked to count the two vertical lines and then enter them into the program, download them to the robot and draw the underlying sheet on the sheet they were earlier given, confirming the correct calculations made following the rules of the Pythagorean Theorem.</p>
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://steamedu.eu/platform/sites/default/files/2020-06/Pythagoras-2.pdf">https://steamedu.eu/platform/sites/default/files/2020-06/Pythagoras-2.pdf</a></li> <li>• <a href="https://steamedu.eu/platform/sites/default/files/2020-06/Pythagoras-Worksheet.pdf">https://steamedu.eu/platform/sites/default/files/2020-06/Pythagoras-Worksheet.pdf</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	<p>The STEAM practice is complicated: 12/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is holistic: 9/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 8/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is social: 11/12</p> <p>The STEAM practice is transferable: 6/6</p> <p>The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7.5/9</p> <p>The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 5.5/6</p>

Table 10. "In the traces of Pythagoras" (a programming robots approach of Pythagoras theorem)

### 5.11 Scratch și..... Gool!

Type of information	Contents
<b>Title</b>	Scratch și..... Gool!
<b>Link</b>	<a href="https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/33">https://steamonedu.eu/platform/node/33</a>
<b>Abstract</b>	The proposed event is part of our concerns to increase the impact of an event awarded in the international competition Meet and Code 2018, which was declared the winner in the Kick and Code category, due to the involvement of all participants in activities. We are confident that the extended project will help increase confidence in programming, precisely because we focus on making connections between the real world and the world of technology. Students will realize that programming can be available to anyone, that it does not only remain at the level of code but has correspondences in everyday life.
<b>Language</b>	Romanian
<b>Duration</b>	14 hours
<b>KeyTerms</b>	Coding, Football, Scratch, Primary School
<b>STEAM discipline</b>	Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, Mathematics
<b>Country</b>	Romania
<b>Author</b>	Asociatia Pro Teodor Murasanu Turda
<b>Educational framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audience competence: Beginner</li> <li>• Age Range: 9-11</li> <li>• Educational/EQF level: 2</li> </ul>
<b>Educational details</b>	
<b>Description of the practice</b>	In the Scratch language, football movements will be scheduled to be tested on the school sports field. The ground will be marked with washable paint, in 6/8 squares with a side of 2 m. The gates of the field will be marked with milestones. In each team, 5 students will read the codes representing the movements, printed on paper, and another 5 will execute the codes on the football field. A student will be the referee. Medicinal balls will be used so that they can be easily stabilized. Content elements: familiarization with Scratch, transcription of ball movements in Scratch language.
<b>List of resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://bogdanmin8.wixsite.com/proiecteprogramare/scratch-si-gool">https://bogdanmin8.wixsite.com/proiecteprogramare/scratch-si-gool</a></li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b>	The STEAM practice is complicated: 10/12 The STEAM practice is holistic: 7.5/9 The STEAM practice is problem oriented: 7.5/9 The STEAM practice is practical: 12/12 The STEAM practice is social: 9/12 The STEAM practice is transferable: 5/6 The STEAM practice is based on collaboration: 7.5/9 The STEAM practice addresses professional development: 4.5/6

Table 11. Scratch și..... Gool!